### **GOVERNMENT OF BIHAR**

# ACCOUNTS AT A GLANCE 2008-2009

#### **Preface**

The Annual Accounts of the State Government are prepared and examined under the directions of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (C & AG) in accordance with the requirements of the Comptroller and Auditor General's (Duties, Powers and Conditions of Service) Act, 1971 for being laid before the Legislature of the State. The Annual Accounts consists of (a) Finance Accounts and (b) Appropriation Accounts. Finance Accounts are summary statements of accounts under the Consolidated Fund, Contingency Fund and the Public Account. The Appropriation Accounts record the Grants-wise expenditure against provisions approved by State Legislature and offer explanations for variations between the actual expenditure and the funds provided. The Accountant General (Accounts and Entitlements) prepares the State Finance Accounts and the Appropriation Accounts.

'Accounts at a Glance' provides a broad overview of Governmental activities, as reflected in the Finance Accounts and the Appropriation Accounts. The information is presented through brief explanations, statements and graphs.

We look forward to suggestions that would help us in improving the publications.

Place:- Patna

Date:-

I.D.S. DHARIWAL Accountant General (A&E) Bihar, Patna

#### CHAPTER – I

#### **OVERVIEW**

The monthly accounts of the State Government are compiled and consolidated from the accounts submitted by the District Treasuries, Public Works and Forest Divisions, to the office of the Accountant General (Accounts and Entitlements). The Finance Accounts and the Appropriation Accounts are prepared annually by the Accountant General under the directions of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India in accordance with the requirements of the Comptroller and Auditor General's (Duties, Power and Conditions of Services) Act, 1971.

The Accounts of Government are kept in the following three parts:

Part I Consolidated Fund

Part II Contingency Fund

Part III Public Account

There are two main divisions under the Consolidated Fund:

The Revenue division (Revenue Account) deals with the proceeds of taxation and other receipts classified as revenue and the expenditure met there from, the net result of which represents the revenue surplus or deficit for the year.

In the Capital division, the section 'Receipt Heads (Capital Account)' deals with receipts of capital nature which cannot be applied as a set off to capital expenditure. The section 'Expenditure Heads (Capital Account)' deals with expenditure met usually from borrowed funds with the object of increasing concrete assets of a material and permanent character. It also includes receipts of a capital nature intended to be applied as a set off to capital expenditure. The section 'Public Debt, Loans and Advances, etc.' comprises loans raised and their repayments by Government such as 'Internal Debt' and 'Loans and Advances' made (and their recoveries) by Government.

In the Contingency Fund, the transactions connected with Contingency Fund established under Article 267 of the Constitution of India are recorded.

In the Public Account, the transactions relating to 'Debt' (other than those included in Part I), 'Deposits', 'Advances', 'Remittances' and 'Suspense' are recorded.

#### FINANCE ACCOUNTS

Finance Accounts present the accounts of receipts and outgoings of the Government for the year together with the financial results disclosed by the revenue and capital accounts, the accounts of the public debts and the liabilities and assets as worked out from the balances recorded in the accounts.

During 2008-09, total receipts amounted to `35,498.99 crore comprising `32,980.69 crore Revenue Receipts (`23,865.25 crore Tax Revenue, `1,153.32 crore Non-Tax Revenue and `7,962.12 crore Grants-in-aid and Contributions) and `2,518.30 crore Capital Receipts (`11.32 crore towards recovery of Loans and Advances and `25,06.98 crore on account of Borrowings and other Liabilities). Disbursements during the year were `35,498.99 crore, `28,511.58 crore (80.32%) on Revenue account and `6,987.41 crore (19.68%) on capital account including disbursement of `551.05 crore towards Loans and Advances.

#### **APPROPRIATION ACCOUNTS**

Appropriation Accounts bring out the expenditure of the State Government against amounts voted and charged by the State Legislature and supplement the Finance Accounts. These comprise accounts of 51 Grants/Appropriation.

Appropriation Act 2008-09 had projected for a budget provision of `48,758.98 crore, including the Supplementary Grants totalling `10,022.27 crore, voted by State Legislature during the year. An amount of `1,090 thousand was projected as recoveries in reduction of expenditure.

Appropriation Accounts 2008-09 show disbursements aggregating 37,445.83 crore against the aggregate budget provision of \ 48,758.98 crore, resulting in saving of `11,313.15 crore (23.20 %) against Grants and Appropriation. This was the net result of saving of \[ 11,369.48 \] crore offset by excess of 56.33 crore against Grant/Appropriation. Out of the saving of 11,313.15 crore nearly 61% saving occurred in eight departments namely (i) Human Resources Development Department (` 1,203.22 crore under Revenue and ` 19.54 crore under Capital), (ii) Disaster Management Department ( `1,551.84 crore under Revenue) (iii) Water Resources Department (`50.18 crore under Revenue and `1,359.59 crore under Capital) (iv) Social Welfare Department (` 448.89 crore under Revenue and 200.00 crore under Capital) (v) Road Construction Department (` 114.75 crore under Revenue and ` 505.36 crore under Capital) (vi) Energy Department (` 2.79 crore under Revenue and ` 520.76 crore under Capital) (vii) Rural Works Department (` 69.81 crore under Revenue and ` 428.68 crore under Capital) and (viii) Public Health Engineering Department ( 395.61 crore under Revenue and ` 73.78 crore under Capital).

#### **CHAPTER -II**

#### HIGHLIGHTS OF ACCOUNTS

(`in Crore)

					( in Crore)
SI. No.	Description	B.E. 2008-09	Actuals	Percentage of Actuals to B.E.	Percentage of Actuals to G.S.D.P (@)
1.	Tax Revenue	24353.19	23865.25	98	16.75
2.	Non-Tax Revenue	421.83	1153.32	273.41	0.81
3.	Grants-in-aid and contributions	8775.96	7962.12	90.73	5.59
4.	Revenue Receipts (1+2+3)	33550.98	32980.69	98.30	23.15
5.	Recovery of Loans and Advances	21.90	11.32	51.69	0.01
6.	Other Receipts	-	-		
7.	Borrowings and Other Liabilities	3325.04	2506.98	75.40	1.76
8.	Capital Receipts (5+6+7)	3346.94	2518.30	75.25	1.77
9.	Total Receipts (4+8)	36897.92	35498.99	96.21	24.91
10.	Non-Plan Expenditure (NPE)	20948.82	21685.24	103.52	15.22
11.	NPE on Revenue Account	20718.51	21231.29	102.48	14.90
12.	NPE on Interest Payment out of 11	3796.04	3752.94	98.87	2.64
13.	NPE on Capital Account	230.31	453.95	197.11	0.32
14.	Plan Expenditure (PE)	15949.10	13813.75	86.62	9.70
15.	PE on Revenue Account	8219.38	7280.29	88.58	5.11
16.	PE on Capital Account	7729.72	6533.46	54.53	4.59
17.	Total Expenditure(10+14)	36897.92	35498.99	96.21	24.91
18.	Revenue Expenditure	28937.89	28511.58	98.53	20.01
19.	Capital Expenditure (13+16)!	7960.03	6987.41	87.79	4.91
20.	Revenue Surplus/ Deficit (4-18 or 18-4)	4613.09	4469.11	96.88	3.14
21.	Fiscal Deficit(4+5+6-17)	3325.04	2506.98	75.40	1.76

@ GSDP (Gross State Domestic Product) of the State is the sum total of the value of all goods and services produced in the State in a given financial year. The term domestic emphasizes that GSDP omits income from overseas investments. For 2008-09, GSDP of Bihar was ` 1,42,504 crore on the current price value.

<sup>!</sup> Sum total of figures for Capital Account and Loans and Advances disbursed.

#### **Receipts and Disbursements**

Total receipts during the year (excluding Borrowings and Other Liabilities 2,506.98 crore) were 32,992.01 crore against which total disbursements were 35,498.99 crore. The resulting fiscal deficit of 2,506.98 crore is less by 818.06 crore in comparison to Budget estimates (3,325.04 crore).

The following table summarises the accounts for 2008-09.

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			( in crorc)
Total Receipts	35,498.99	Total	35,498.99
	(100%)	Disbursements	(100%)
Revenue	32,980.69	Revenue	28,511.58
Receipts	(92.90%)	Disbursements	(80.32%)
Capital Receipts	2,518.30	Capital	6,987.41
	(7.10%)	Disbursements	(19.68%)

#### **RECEIPTS**

#### **Revenue Receipts**

Tax Receipts of `23,865.25 crore which comprised `17,706.93 crore as State's Share of Union Taxes received from the Central Government and `6,158.32 crore raised by the State Government, formed 16.75 per cent of the GSDP. Non-Tax Revenue of `1,153.32 crore formed 0.81 per cent of the GSDP. Major contribution to Non-Tax revenue was `245.00 crore under Non-ferrous Mining & Metallurgical Industries (0.18 per cent of GSDP) and `53.58 crore under Other Administrative Services (0.04% per cent of GSDP).

Tax receipts during the year were less than the budget estimates by `487.94 crore, mainly on account of less collection under "Taxes on Sales, Trade etc." & "Other Taxes and Duties on Commodities and Services".

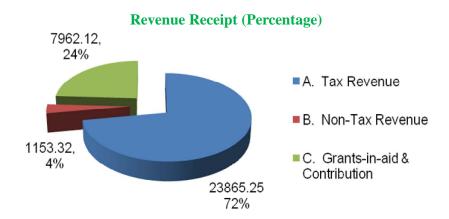
Non-Tax receipts during the year were more than the budget estimates by `731.49 crore, mainly on account of more collection on "Industries, Non-ferrous Mining and Metallurgical Industries and Roads and Bridges".

#### REVENUE RECEIPTS AND GRANTS IN AID AND CONTRIBUTION

(`in Crore)

		( In Clore,
Components	Actuals	Percentage to total
		Revenue Receipts
A. Tax Revenue	23,865.25	72.36
Taxes on Income and Expenditure*	9,444.51	28.64
Taxes on Property and Capital Transactions	823.43	2.49
Taxes on Commodities and Services	13,597.31	41.23
B. Non-Tax Revenue	1,153.32	3.50
Fiscal Services		
Interest Receipts, Dividends and Profits	306.71	0.93
General Services	412.47	1.25
Social Services	55.78	0.17
Economic Services	378.36	1.15
C. Grants-in-aid and Contribution	7,962.12	24.14
TOTAL-REVENUE RECEIPTS	32,980.69	1,00.00

\* Share of Income Tax received from Union Government.



#### **Capital Receipts**

Compared to the Budget Estimates of ` 3,346.94 crore, Capital Receipts were ` 2,518.30 crore. These included ` 2,506.98 crore on account of Borrowings and Other Liabilities (against Budget Estimates of ` 3,325.04 crore) and only ` 11.32 crore on account of Recovery of Loans and Advances (against a Budget Estimates of ` 21.90 crore).

#### DISBURSEMENT

#### **Revenue Disbursements**

Revenue Disbursements were `28,511.58 crore which was 20.01 per cent of the GSDP. They were less than the Budget Estimate (`28,937.89 crore) by `426.31 crore (i.e, a shortfall of 1.47%), `939.09 crore less under Plan Expenditure and `512.78 crore more under Non –Plan Expenditure.

#### **Capital Disbursements**

Capital Disbursements were `6987.41 crore which was 4.91% per cent of GSDP. They were less than the Budget estimate (`79,60.03 crore) by `9,72.62 crore (i.e, less than 12.22 % of budget estimate). This was caused by less disbursement of `11,96.26 crore (15.48% of budget estimate) in Plan expenditure and an excess of `2,23.64 crore (97.10 % of budget estimate) in Non-plan expenditure.

#### **Plan Disbursements**

During the year 2008-09, Plan Disbursements were ` 1,38,13.75 crore consisting of ` 1,23,35.20 crore under State Plan, ` 13,75.66 crore under Centrally Sponsored Plan and ` 1,02.89 crore under Central Plan Scheme shared by Centre and State.

#### **Non-Plan Disbursements**

Non-plan Disbursements during 2008-09 were ` 21,685.24 crore, consisting of ` 21,231.29 crore under Revenue and ` 4,53.95 crore under Capital. Sectoral distribution of expenditure and its percentage to total revenue expenditure is given in the following table.

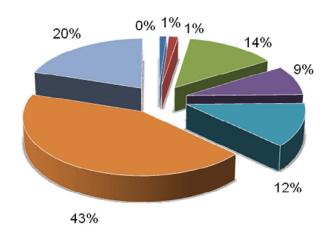
## SECTORAL DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURE AND ITS PERCENTAGE TO TOTAL REVENUE EXPENDITURE

(`in Crore)

Components	Amounts	Per centage to total Revenue Expenditure
A. Fiscal Services	312.75	1.10
(i) Collection of Taxes on Income and Expenditure	-	-
(ii) Collection of Taxes on Property and Capital	232.49	0.82
transactions		
(iii) Collection of Taxes on Commodities and Services	78.13	0.27
(iv) Other Fiscal Services	2.13	0.01
B. Organs of State	408.09	1.43
C. Interest Payments and Servicing of Debt	3892.94	13.65
D. Administrative Services	2436.71	8.55
E. Pensions and Miscellaneous General Services	3479.03	12.20
F. Social Services	12252.09	42.98
G. Economic Services	5726.01	20.08
H. Grants-in-aid and Contributions	3.96	0.01
TOTAL-Expenditure (Revenue Accounts)	28511.58	100.00

#### **Sectoral Distribution of Expenditure**

A. Fiscal Services



- B. Organs of State
- C. Interest Payments and Servicing of Debt
- D. Administrative Services
- E. Pensions and Miscellaneous General Services
- F. Social Services
- G. Economic Services
- H. Grants-in-aid and Contributions

#### TREND OF EXPENDITURE

# STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE IN SELECTED SECTORS (REVENUE EXPENDITURE)

(`in crore)

Sector	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
Sector	% to B.E/R.E.	% to E/R.E.	% to B.E/R.E.	% to B.E/R.E.	% to B.E/R.E.
A. Social Services					
i) Education, Sports, Art &	31,42	43,94	52,53	54,96	67,06
Culture	81/76	100/95	106/99	102/99	93/91
ii) Health & Family Welfare	6,07	8,77	9,85	11,41	11,93
	87/78	79/79	90/81	95/95	79/75
B. Economics Services					
i) Agriculture and Allied	3,97	4,10	5,85	7,37	12,73
Activities	105/99	90/81	139/93	114/85	158/78
ii) Rural Development	803	10,63	13,19	16,53	21,09
	120/83	95/95	106/86	86/95	100/83
iii) Irrigation & Flood	4,73	4,83	4,35	5,62	7,04
Control	86/86	82/82	60/57	97/95	130/94
iv) Energy	02	01	10,81	7,26	7,23
	115/101	100/02	258/100	100/100	100/100
v) Transport	2,25	2,85	4,14	4,08	4,93
	90/89	88/88	89/89	72/72	80/76
vi) General Economic	1,03	88,94	1,00	119	1,98
Services	106/101	7350/7231	72/77	102/89	137/115

#### **DEBTS AND LIABILITIES**

Outstanding Public debt at the end of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2009 was 39291.07 crore, comprising of Internal Debt of 31293.27 crore and Loans and Advances from Central Government 7997.80 crore.

Other liabilities accounted for under Public Account were `90,40.86 crore.

The State also acts as a banker and trustee in respect of deposits like small savings collections, provident fund, etc. There was an overall increase of `144.40 crore in respect of such liabilities of State Government during 2008-09, bringing the amount to `9573.58 crore as balance outstanding on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2009.

Interest Payments on debt and other liabilities totalling ` 3752.94 crore constituted 13.16 per cent of revenue expenditure of ` 28511.58 crore. These Interest Payments comprised of interest on Internal Debt ` 2475.95 crore, interest on Loans and Advances from Central Government ` 646.15 crore, interest on Other Liabilities ` 3.20 crore and interest on Small Savings, Provident Fund etc. ` 627.64 crore.

Expenditure on account of interest payments increased by `45.95 crore during 2008-09. Interest totalling `597.64 crore on State Provident Funds, which has been adjusted in accounts is only ad-hoc basis as the actual figures had not been intimated by the State Government.

Internal debt of ` 5778.03 crore raised during 2008-09 was mainly used for discharge of debt obligations of ` 1253.60 crore.

#### INVESTMENTS AND RETURNS

Total investments as share capital in Statutory Corporations, Government Companies, Other Joint Stock Companies, Co-operative Banks and Societies etc., stood at `832.18 crore at the end of 2008-09. During 2008-09, the investments increased by `3.49 crore. The return on these investments during this year is zero. The accounts of Government Companies were in arrears for periods ranging upto 25 years.

#### LOANS AND ADVANCES BY THE STATE GOVERNMENT

Total loans and advances made by the State Government at the end of March'2009 were ` 1,46,67.83 crore. Recovery of principal amount aggregating to ` 6206.81 crore and interest of loan amounting to ` 9679.27 crore was in arrears as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2009.

#### ARREARS IN RECOVERY OF LOANS AND ADVANCES

(`in crore)

Years in which it became due	Principal	Interest
Upto 2006-2007	3504.01	5670.83
2007-2008	1336.82	1984.40
2008-2009	1365.98	2023.94
Total	6206.81	9679.27

#### **APPROPRIATION ACCOUNTS**

The Appropriation Accounts of the Government of Bihar for the year 2008-2009 present the accounts of sums expended in the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2009, compared with the sums specified in the Schedules appended to the Appropriation Acts passed under Article 204 and 205 of the Constitution of India.

The Appropriation Accounts show that in the year 2008-09, there was actual expenditure of ` 37445.83 crore, comprising ` 28775.53 crore Revenue expenditure and ` 8670.30 crore Capital expenditure. There were savings under Revenue/Capital /Public Debt/Loans and Advances with reference to total grants allocated by the State Legislature.

#### **SAVINGS/EXCESSES DURING 2008-2009**

(`in crore)

SI.	Nature of	Original	Supplementary	Re-	Total	Actual	Savings(-)
No.	expenditure	grant	grant	appropriation		Expenditure	Excess(+)
1.	Revenue						
	Voted	25248.38	6314.60	-	31562.98	24955.13	(-)6607.85
	Charged	3852.10	4.31		3856.41	3820.40	(-) 36.01
2.	Capital						
	Voted	7635.39	3177.53	-	10812.92	6436.97	(-)4375.95
	Charged	Nil					
3.	Public Debt						
	Charged	1676.21	7.20	-	1683.41	1682.28	(-) 1.13
4.	Loans and						
	Advances	324.63	518.62	-	843.25	551.05	(-) 292.20
	Voted						
	Total	38736.71	10022.26	-	48758.97	37445.83	(-)11313.14

### TREND OF EXPENDITURE ON SELECTED GRANTS SHOWING PERSISTENT SAVINGS

(`in crore)

Year	Grant	Total Allocation	Percentage of savings to total
2004-05	Agriculture Department	213.55	25.75
2005-06	Agriculture Department	245.14	1.62
2006-07	Agriculture Department	288.53	14.04
2007-08	Agriculture Department	537.65	17.65
2008-09	Agriculture Department	786.19	28.47
2004.05	Forest & Environment	55.87	44.37
2004-05	Department		
2005-06	Forest & Environment	64.74	24.68
2005-00	Department		
2006-07	Forest & Environment	74.58	9.14
2000-07	Department		
2007-08	Forest & Environment	91.09	16.93
2007-00	Department		
2008-09	Forest & Environment	101.03	21.38
2000-09	Department		
2004-05	Industries Department	36.43	25.34
2005-06	Industries Department	38.43	24.86
2006-07	Industries Department	590.88	5.10
2007-08	Industries Department	501.49	38.38
2008-09	Industries Department	644.28	25.81
2004-05	Urban Development	179.34	28.02
2004-00	Department		
2005-06	Urban Development	293.32	3.90
2000 00	Department		
2006-07	Urban Development	735.44	47.83
2000 07	Department		
2007-08	Urban Development	1147.96	51.55
	Department		
2008-09	Urban Development	1792.27	34.79
	Department		

The table above indicates that in the Grants dealing with Agriculture Department, Forest and Environment Department, Industries Department and Urban Development Department year after year the budget allocations were made but the utilisation of those budget allocations had been around 72 per cent which may be on account of either incorrect budgeting or incorrect implementation or the allocations being made without linking to requirement.

#### RECONCILIATION OF ACCOUNTS

Accuracy and reliability of accounts depend among other things, on timely reconciliation of the departmental figures with the accounts figures. In respect of 79 Major Heads, only expenditure of `2094.44 crore has been reconciled out of total expenditure of `35498.99 crore for the year 2008-09.

#### SUBMISSION OF ACCOUNTS BY TREASURIES

During 2008-09, 708 accounts were received from 59 district treasuries. Of these 527 were not received on due dates. The delay in this regard ranged upto 91 to 130 days.

Accounts for the month of	No delay	1-29 days	30-90 days	91-130 days
April'2008	13	45	01	-
May' 2008	15	42	01	01
June'2008	12	45	02	-
July'2008	18	38	03	-
August'2008	21	32	06	-
September'2008	10	42	07	-
October'2008	12	43	03	01
November'2008	27	23	05	04
December'2008	12	26	13	08
January'2009	13	27	12	07
February'2009	12	20	25	02
March'2009	06	25	27	01
Total	171	408	105	24

(Figures denote number of treasuries).

The above table indicates delay in the submission of accounts where the accounts had not been rendered in time by the district treasuries. The non-submission of accounts in time leads to exclusion of the treasury monthly accounts submitted to the State Government. As a result the accounts figures did not reflect the actual expenditure or receipt of the month which may result in a wrong decision if taken on the basis of incomplete accounts.

**CHAPTER-III** 

# TRENDS IN GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE REVENUE RECEIPTS

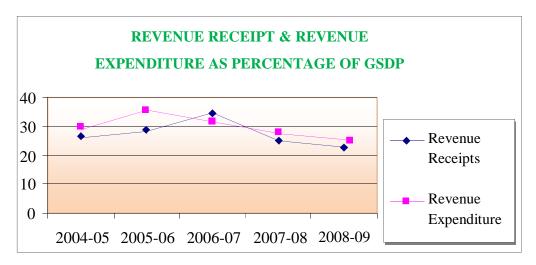
(`in crore)

Year	Tax Revenue	Non-Tax Revenue	Grants-in-aid and Contributions	Gross Revenue Receipts	GSDP	Percentage of Gross Revenue Receipts to GSDP
2004-05	12464.53	417.79	2831.83	15714.15	57145	27.50
2005-06	13981.69	522.30	3332.72	17836.71	60607	29.43
2006-07	17324.80	511.28	5247.11	23083.19	81270	34.81
2007-08	21852.46	525.59	5831.67	28209.72	105148	26.83
2008-09	23865.25	1153.32	7962.12	32980.68	142504	23.14

#### REVENUE EXPENDITURE

(`in crore)

Year	Revenue Expenditure	Total	GSDP	Percentage increase over 2004-05 to 2008-09			Percentage of Government
	(Actuals)	Expenditure		Revenue expenditure	Total Expenditure	GSDP	expenditure to GSDP
2004-05	14638.42	16970.78	57145	15.16	0.84	9.27	29.70
2005-06	17756.00	21587.72	60607	44.89	54.51	06.06	35.62
2006-07	20585.04	26111.49	81270	15.93	20.95	34.09	32.13
2007-08	23562.87	29939.34	105148	14.47	14.66	29.38	28.47
2008-09	28511.58	35498.99	142504	21.00	18.57	24.33	24.91



The overall increase in the Government's total expenditure during 2008-09 compared to 2004-05 (4 years) has been increased by `18,528.21 crore. Growth in major areas of Revenue Expenditure is shown in a table on next page.

#### GROWTH IN MAJOR AREAS OF REVENUE EXPENDITURE

(`in crore)

Area of expenditure	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	Percentage increase (+)/ decrease (-) in 2008-09 over 2007-08
Interest payments and Servicing of Debt	3473.90	3648.89	3416.09	3706.99	3892.94	5.02
Pension and Miscellaneous General Services	2324.73	2455.54	2497.09	2788.95	3479.03	24.75
Administrative Services	1470.86	1868.80	2170.96	2155.59	2436.71	13.04
Agriculture and Allied Activities	396.84	410.45	585.15	736.85	1272.69	72.72
Rural Development	802.68	1062.58	1318.87	1653.11	2109.20	27.59
Energy	1.74	1.42	1080.64	726.28	722.50	(-) 0.52

In "Agriculture and Allied Activities", there was increase of 72.72% and in "Rural Development", there was increase of 27.59% in 2008-2009 as compared to 2007-2008. In the "Energy" sector, 0.52% less expenditure was incurred as compared to last year.

#### **GOVERNMENT ACCOUNT**

The total expenditure (Revenue and Capital) for the year is netted against total receipts (Revenue and non debt Capital receipts) of the year and the surplus/deficit thereof is transferred to a separate ledger called "Government Account". In addition, net effect of Prior Period Adjustments, Miscellaneous Government Accounts, etc. is also transferred to the ledger "Government Account". Thus, the ledger "Government Account" represents the cumulative surplus/deficit of the operations of the Government. The details of the ledger "Government Account" for the past four years are given below.

### CUMULATIVE DEFICIT IN GOVERNMENT ACCOUNT FROM 2005-06 TO 2008-09

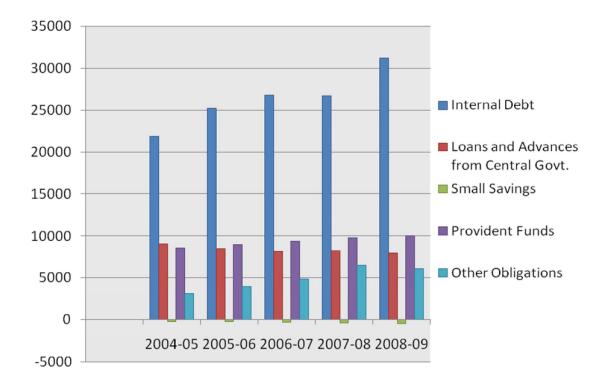
(`in crore)

Year	Revenue Heads				Capital Head	ls	Other Head	Deficit for	Closing balance of	
rear	Receipts	Expenditure	Deficit(-) / Surplus(+)	Receipts	Expenditure	Deficit	Surplus/ Deficit	the year	Govt. Accounts	
2005-06	17836.71	17756.00	(+) 80.71		2083.90	(-) 2083.90		2003.19	28617.00	
2006-07	23083.19	20585.04	(+) 2408.15		5211.13	(-) 5211.13		2802.98	31329.98	
2007-08	28209.72	23562.87	(+) 4646.85		6103.78	(-) 6103.78		1456.93	32786.91	
2008-09	32980.69	28511.58	(+) 4469.11		6436.35	(-) 6436.35		1967.24	34754.15	

#### LIABILITIES

Liabilities of the State Government increased by `12,483.45 crore (29.41%) from `42,483.30 crore in 2004-05 to `54,976.75 crore in 2008-2009. Public debt comprising Internal Debt of the State Government and Loans and Advances from the Central Government increased by `8,348 crore (26.98 %) from `30,942.93 crore in 2004-2005 to `39,291.06 crore at the end of the year 2008-2009. Article 293 of the Constitution of India empowers the State Government to borrow on the security of the consolidated Fund of the State within such limits, if any, as may be from time to time fixed by the State Legislature. Details of the Public Debt and total liabilities of the State Government are as under:-

Year	Internal Debt	Loans and Advances from Central Govt.	Total Public Debt	Small Savings	Provident Funds	Other Obligations	Total Liabilities	GSDP	%of total liability to GDP
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4=2+3)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8) (8=4+5+6+7)	(9)	(10)
2004-05	21905.88	9037.05	30942.93	(-) 195.45	8596.17	3139.65	42483.30	57145	74.34
2005-06	25181.52	8551.01	33732.53	(-) 234.45	9000.18	3996.51	46494.77	60607	76.72
2006-07	26828.55	8236.86	35065.41	(-) 268.79	9429.57	4862.62	49088.81	81270	60.40
2007-08	26768.85	8276.61	35045.45	(-) 360.04	9789.22	6514.55	50989.18	105148	48.49
2008-09	31293.27	7997.79	39291.06	(-) 490.79	10064.38	6112.10	54976.75	142504	38.58



#### STATE PROVIDENT FUND

The details of transactions from the State Provident Fund are shown in the following table.

(`in crore)

Year	Opening Balance	Receipts	Payments	Net accretion for the year	Closing Balance	Interest charged on balance of P.F.*
2004-05	8119.07	1151.02	673.92	477.10	8596.17	597.54
2005-06	8596.17	1041.47	637.46	404.01	9000.18	597.62
2006-07	9000.18	964.65	535.26	429.39	9429.57	495.54
2007-08	9429.57	1028.63	668.98	359.65	9789.22	549.65
2008-09	9789.22	1116.14	840.98	275.16	10064.38	597.64

<sup>\*</sup> The interest on State Provident Fund adjusted in accounts is only adhoc as the actual figures had not been intimated by the State Government.

Work relating to maintenance of General Provident Fund accounts of State Government employees stands transferred to the State Government w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> April, 1986.

#### **GUARANTEES**

The position of guarantees by the State Government for the payment of loans and capital and payment interest thereon raised by Statutory Corporations, Government Companies, Corporations, Co-operative Societies, etc. is given below.

(`in Crore)

			Amount Outstanding				
At the end of the year	Amount Guaranteed (Principal Only)	Principal	Interest				
2004-05	1491.13	473.44	80.94				
2005-06	1491.13	604.87	79.88				
2006-07	1497.78	567.81	79.88				
2007-08	1497.78	476.36	79.88				
2008-09	1507.78	664.28	79.88				

Complete information of the amount guaranteed by the Government during the year 2004-05 has not been intimated.

#### WAYS AND MEANS ADVANCES

The State Government, in order to maintain and sustain its liquidity position, takes Ways and Means Advances from the Reserve Bank of India and thereafter, draws upon overdraft whenever there is shortfall in the agreed minimum cash balance

in its account with the Reserve Bank of India. The State Government is required to maintain the minimum cash balance of `1.73 crore on all days with Reserve Bank of India. The larger the amount and greater the number of times such ways and means advances are taken or drawals made, the more it reflects the adverse position of the cash balance of the State Government.

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
(i) Number of days on which minimum balance was maintained	365	365	365	366	365
(a) without obtaining any advance	362	365	365	366	365
(b) By obtaining Ways and Means Advance	03	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(ii) Number of days on which overdraft was taken	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

#### **GENERAL CASH BALANCES**

The closing cash balance according to the Reserve Bank of India was `(-) 759.40 crore against the general cash balance of `(-) 740.06 crore reflected in State Government accounts. The difference of `19.34 crore (Net Credit) was under reconciliation.

The cash balance investment account is an account maintained by the Reserve Bank of India on behalf of the State Government for investment of surplus cash. At the end of daily transactions of the State Government, surplus funds are invested in Treasury Bills and in securities of the Government of India or other State Governments through this account. Conversely, whenever there is a shortfall, it is met through disinvestments of these bills and securities. Investments held in the cash Balance Investment Account as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2009 were 3978.90 crore.

Other cash balances and investments comprising cash with Departmental Officers (` 177.76 crore), Permanent Advances with Departmental Officers (` 0.39 crore) and Investment of Earmarked Funds (` 140.10 crore) as on 31st March 2009, were ` 318.25 crore.

The cash balance (Deposits with Reserve Bank) came up from `(-) 2400.21 crore at the beginning of the year 2008-09 to `(-) 740.06 crore at its end, the details of sources and application of funds being as shown in the following table.

(`in Crore)

	SOURCES	APPLICATION					
SI.No.	Items	Amount	SI.No.	Items	Amount		
1.	Opening cash balance (Deposits	-2400.21	1.	Revenue Expenditure	Non- Plan	Plan	Total
	with Reserve Bank)				21231.29	7280.29	28511.58
2.	State's Share of Union Taxes	17692.51	2.	Capital Expenditure	453.95	6533.46	6987.41
3.	State's own revenue collection	7326.06	3.	Loans and advances	To C.G.	То	
				repaid		others	
					428.68	1253.60	1682.28
4.	Central grants/assistance other than	7962.12	4.	Loans and Advances			551.05
	Ioans			given			
5.	Miscellaneous receipts	-	5.	Disbursements under			8909.42
				small Savings and			
				Deposits and			
				Advances			
6.	Receipts from Public Debt, small	14141.32	6.	Closing cash balance			(-)740.06
	savings , deposits and advances			(Deposits with			
	(other than Central loans)			Reserve Bank)			
7.	Receipts from Central Loans	149.86					
8.	Recoveries from borrowers	11.32					
9.	Net contribution from Contingency	-					
	Fund.						
10.	Net effect of adjustment of	(+)1018.70					
	suspense and remittance balances						
	and increase/decrease of reserve						
	funds.						
	Total	45901.68		Total			45901.68